

1.(10 points) Divide $x^4 - 1$ by $x - 1$ using (a) long division and (b) synthetic division. [Bonus 5 points: Is $x - 1$ a factor of $x^4 + x^3 + x^2 + x + 1$?]

Soln: (a) Long division: [Note that I have put the quotient on the right instead of the top]. You get

$$\begin{array}{r}
 x - 1 \quad \left[\begin{array}{l} x^4 + 0x^3 + 0x^2 + 0x + 1 \\ x^4 - x^3 \\ \hline x^3 + 0x^2 \\ x^3 - x^2 \\ \hline x^2 + 0x \\ x^2 - x \\ \hline x - 1 \\ x - 1 \\ \hline 0 \end{array} \right] \quad x^3 + x^2 + x + 1
 \end{array}$$

(b) Synthetic division:

$$\begin{array}{r|rrrrr}
 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 \\
 & & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\
 & & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0
 \end{array}$$

The quotient is found from the bottom row, and you start with x^3 [when you divide x^4 by x you get x^3]. You write the rest in descending order to get $x^3 + x^2 + x + 1$ as quotient.

Since the remainder is 0, $x - 1$ is a factor of $x^4 - 1$. In other words, $x - 1$ exactly divides it.

2.Simplify $(3x + 20)^2$ usign the formula $(A + B)^2 = A^2 + B^2 + 2AB$.

Soln:YOU MUST USE THE FORMULA!! JUST MULTIPLYING TERM BY TERM IS NOT ENOUGH. Put $3x = A$ and $20 = B$. Then the answer is $(3x + 20)^2 = (3x)^2 + 20^2 + 2(3x)(20) = 9x^2 + 120x + 400$.

3. Factor $27y^3 - 64$ by writing it as a difference of cubes and using the formula for factoring $A^3 - B^3$.

Soln: $27y^3 - 64 = (3y)^3 - 4^3$. Set $A = 3y$ and $B = 4$ in $A^3 - B^3 = (A - B)(A^2 + AB + B^2)$. You get the answer as $(3y - 4)((3y)^2 + (3y)4 + 4^2) = (3y - 4)(9y^2 + 12y + 16)$.

4. Factor $4x^2 + 20x + 25$ by expressing it as a square [Compare this expression to $A^2 + 2AB + B^2$ which is a square].

Soln: Setting $A = 2x$ and $B = 5$ we get $4x^2 + 20x + 25 = (2x)^2 + 2(2x)5 + 5^2 = (2x + 5)^2$.

5. Factor $x^2 + 502x + 1000$.

Soln: Looking at the coefficients 1000 and 502 we see that $1000 = 500 \times 2$ and $502 = 500 + 2$. So $x^2 + 502x + 1000 = (x + 2)(x + 500)$.